

## **SHILCHAR TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED**

# WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

### 1. Preface:

**Shilchar Technologies Limited** (hereinafter referred to as 'the **Company'**) believes in conducting all of its constituents in fair, ethical and transparent manner, by adopting the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity, probity, accountability and ethical behavior.

An important aspect of this commitment as also required under the law is the introduction of this policy and setting a vigil mechanism to enable anyone within the company and those dealing with the Company to voice their concern to the 'Ombudsmen of the Company' if they discover any information which he / she believe shows serious malpractice, impropriety, abuse of power and authority, financial wrongdoing or unethical conduct / practices, without fear of reprisal or victimization, subsequent discrimination or disadvantage.

The Company has also adopted the **Shilchar Code of Conduct,** which lays down the principles and standards that should govern the actions and behavior of the Company and its employees. Any actual, potential, intentional or unintentional violation of this Shilchar Code of Conduct, howsoever insignificant or perceived as such, is also covered under this policy.

# 2. Scope

This policy is designed to enable any person dealing with the Company to raise the alarm to the A u d i t Committee of the Company consisting of the members specified below, if he has reliable information about a malpractice, unethical practice, impropriety, abuse or financial wrongdoing. This person hereby referred as 'Whistle Blower' is not required to act as investigator or finder of facts or determine corrective actions or obtain evidence in order to support his /her information. His/Herrole is to 'Raise the Alarm' to the Ombudsmen of the Company and provide reasons for the same. The Audit Committee of the Company shall oversee this vigil mechanism through the ombudsman/committee.

### **Audit COMMITTEE:**

In an organization, Audit Committee is **dispute resolution practitioner**. Members of the Audit Committee is independent, neutral, impartial, fair and objective in the treatment of people and consideration of issues.

# 3. Applicability and its Effective Date:

This policy applies to any person dealing with the Company and becomes effective as on April **01,2014**.



# 4. Assurance / Protection to Whistle blower under the Policy:

- 4.1 No unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Disclosure / Concern / Alarm under this Policy. The Company, as a policy, condemns any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimization or any other unfair employment practice being adopted against Whistle Blowers. Protection will begin to Whistle Blowers against victimization of employees and directors and against termination / suspension of service, disciplinary action, transfer, demotion, refusal of promotion, or the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the Whistle Blower's right to continue to perform his duties/functions including making further Disclosure. He shall also have access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee
- 4.2 The identity of the Whistle blower may be kept strictly confidential. However, if the matter involves legal / criminal nature, the informer's identify will be revealed to the relevant authorities as a part of the investigation process.
- 4.3 Whistleblowers are encouraged to immediately report to the Audit Committee including Chairman of the Committee, any acts of retribution that have happened to them, due to the fact that they had made a disclosure of information.

# 5. IndicationstoRaiseanAlarm:

A matter can be considered serious enough for an alarm to be raised if itsatisfies any of the following conditions: [Also refer to the Shilchar Code of Conduct up loaded on our website]

- 5.1 Any Malpractice, Impropriety, Abuse or financial Wrongdoing of unethical practice.
- 5.2 Any wrongdoing which may be concealment or omission of financial facts which may lead to financial loss to the company.
- 5.3 Serious violation of any organization-level policy or ethical conduct, indicating that certain internal control points are weak and open for serious violations.
- 5.4 An ongoing spurious matters likely to receive media or public attention.
- 5.5 Exposes the organization to a significant monetary or non-monetary liability.
- 5.6 Points towards any event which is the result of criminal action e.g. Disappearance of cash/ funds
- 5.7 Indicates any incident/ possible incident of sexual harassment at the workplace
- 5.8 Indicates a significant threat to the health/safety of employees or community at large.
- 5.9 Any other violation/possible violation of the Shilchar Code of Conduct.



#### 6. **Exceptions:**

Any matter which is an individual employee grievance relating to the terms and conditions of employment shall considered outside the scope of this policy and should be reported to the Human Resource Department.

#### 7. **Disqualification:**

The following instances would constitute a violation of the Whistleblower Policy.

- 7.1 Bringing to light personal matters regarding another person, which are in no way connected and not impacting the Company, at the organization level.
- 7.2 Reporting information which, he/ she does not have an authorization to access While it will be ensured that genuine Whistle Blowers are accorded complete protection from any kind of unfair treatment as herein set out, any abuse of this protection will warrant disciplinary action and would be taken up with utmost sternness. The violations would be investigated and dealt with by the Ombudsman.
- 7.3 Protection under this Policy would not mean protection from disciplinary action arising out of false or bogus allegations made by a Whistle Blower kn wing it to be false or bogus or with a mala fide intention.
- Misuse of this policy done with the intend to tarnish the reputation of anyone shall be dealt 7.4 with disciplinary action, commensurate with the damages made.
- Whistle Blowers, who make any disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be 7.5 mala fide or malicious or Whistle Blowers who make 3 or more Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be frivolous, baseless or reported otherwise than in good faith, will be disqualified from reporting / making further Disclosures under this Policy.
- 7.6 Actions against such violations could range in their severity, if necessary even extending up to termination of one's employment /contract /association with the organization.

#### Policy and Procedure of Disclosure, Investigation and Disciplinary Action: 8.

- What constitutes Malpractice, Impropriety, Abuse or Wrong doing? 8.1
  - Malpractice impropriety, abuse and wrongdoing (hereinafter referred to as "Concern") can include a whole variety of issues and some are listed below. However, this is not a comprehensive list but is intended to illustrate the sort of issues, which may be raised under this policy.
  - Any unlawful act, whether criminal (e.g. theft) or a breach of the civil law (e.g. slander or libel).
  - Breach of any Company Policy or Manual or Shilchar Code adopted by the Company
  - Health and safety risks, including risks to the public as well as other employees (e.g. faulty electrical equipment).
  - Abuse of family members and vulnerable adults (e.g. through physical, sexual, psychological or financial abuse, exploitation or neglect).
  - Damagetotheenvironment(e.g.pollution).

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- Fraud and corruption (e.g. to solicit or receive any valuable gifts or favors in any form or reward, which may or may not be a bribe).
- Any instance of failure to comply with legal or statutory obligation either for and on behalf of the Company or in any personal capacity in the course of discharging duties of the Company.
- Any instance of any sort of financial malpractice disguising or fabricating data.
- Abuse of power and authority (e.g. bullying/harassment).
- Any other unethical or improper conduct.

### 8.2 What constitutes Unethical Activities?

Ethics encompasses the personal, organizational and corporate standards of behavior with respect to rightness and wrongness of certain action, motives and behavior expected from an employee .It can be defined as core principles or beliefs that outline moral values and rules of conduct and behavior. That means qualities such as honesty, integrity, transparency, confidentiality, respectfulness as individual responsibility and accountability.

Examples of Unethical Activities include, but not limited to, fraud, including financial fraud and accounting fraud, violation of laws and regulations, violation of Company policies or compromising the company reputation I brand, unethical behavior or practices, endangerment to public health or safety and negligence of duty. It also includes wrong doing regarding accounting practices, internal accounting controls, auditing matters or unethical business practices.

In the context of this policy, this may refer to any of the following:

- Failure to comply with a legal or regulatory obligation
- Unprofessional acts
- Misuse or inappropriate use of Shilchar funds or resources or facilities.
- A criminal offence
- A miscarriage of justice
- The endangering of an individual's health and safety.
- Damage to the office / plant environment or facilities
- Deliberate concealment of information relating to any of the above

# 8.3 How to disclose a Concern?

Any person intending to make any disclosure of a Concern is required to disclose all relevant information regarding the Concern in a signed written document / Email / SMS or Telephone, Fax of any other method, but not later than six months of the day on which he/she knew of the Concern.

8.4 To whom should the concern be disclosed?

The concern *I* disclosure should be disclosed *I* reported to the Audit Committee or Chairman of the Audit Committee.



### 8.5 Who constitutes Audit Committee?

a. Shri Rajesh Varma – Chairman, email id: rajesh.varma@rvco.in Mobile No.: 9819755224

b. Shri Mukesh Patel, email id: mukesh1949@gmail.com

Mobile No.: 9898095008

c. Smt. Reshma S. Patel-Member, email id: rsp@viramya.com Mobile No. 9824024711

## 8.6 Who will investigate the concern?

The disclosure will be thoroughly investigated by the Committee. The members of the Committee may seek information from any sources inside and outside the organization to investigatethis, as deemed fit.

8.7 Procedure for handling the disclosed concerned.

Once any disclosure of Concern has been made the Audit Committee to whom the disclosure has been made shall pursue the following steps:

- Obtain full details and clarifications of the concern towards unbiased fact-finding and analysis.
- All resources may be drawn upon as necessary to augment the full investigation of the allegation. However the investigators have a duty of and professional standards.
- fairness, objectivity, thoroughness, ethical behavior and observance of legal Consider the involvement of the Company's Auditors or the Police or any other external investigation agency or persons as required.
- If the information indicates a possible policy violation or a system deficiency, then the Ombudsmen may involve the concerned Business Heads as deemed fit.
- The identity of the Whistle Blower (complainant) may be kept confidential to the extent possible given the legitimate need of the investigation.
- Care shall be taken that evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with, and witness shall not be intimidated, influenced, coached, threatened.
- Prepare a detailed written report and submit the same to the MD not later than 45 days from the date of disclosure of Concern.

# 8.8 Anonymous Allegations

This policy encourages the Whistle Blower (complainant) to put his/her name to any disclosures he/she makes. No concerns expressed anonymously / through unsigned letters shall be entertained.

E-MAIL: info@shilchar.com WEBSITE: shilchar.com



In exercising this discretion, the factors to be taken into account will include:

- The seriousness of the Concern raised
- The credibility of the Concern
- The likelihood of confirming the allegation from attributable sources

# 8.8 Untrue Allegations

If the Whistle Blower (complainant) makes an allegation is not in good faith, which is confirmed by subsequent investigation, disciplinary action will be taken against him / her. Hence in making a disclosure the Whistle Blower / Complainant should exercise due good care to ensure the accuracy of the information.

8.9 Complaints of Retaliation as result of disclosure:

If the Whistle Blower believes that he or she has been retaliated against in the form of an adverse personnel action for disclosing concern under this policy he *I* she may file a written complaint to the Ombudsman / MD/JMD requesting appropriate remedy.

# 9. Exceptions:

Any exceptions to this policy will require the special approval of the MD.

If the grievance / conflict / dispute / concern is one impacting confidential or financial or involving a senior management member which is of serious nature, the same must be directly escalated to the MD.

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